

1294

War between Edward I of England
and Philip IV of France.
Welsh revolt against Edward I

1294

Boniface VIII elected Pope.

Philip IV and Edward I at War.

Kublai Khan died.

1294

Kublai Khan died at the age of 79.
He bequeathed a unified China
that had known the benefits of
benevolent leadership.

He was able to govern.

He governed very astutely."

1294

He was 79 yrs old

Following the death of his favorite wife and the son he had chosen as successor, Kublai became a recluse.

By the time he died, ^{ca 1294} ~~even~~ nominal control of over the other Khanates has all but eroded. The last great Khan was buried in Mongolia as with his grandfather, the location of his tomb remains a mystery.

1294-1303

1912 Dates J-BK

Italy & Germany

BONIFACE VIII

1294

1912 Dates' J-BK

England

Revolt of MADOC in Wales.

1294

1912 Dates J-BK

Roger Bacon said to have
been familiar with the
magnet's property of pointing
to the north.

The CAMERA-OBSCURA said to
have been constructed by Roger Bacon.

1294

1912 Dates' J-BK

England

War with France.

War with Scotland which
joined France.

1294

Kublai Khan died :

1294

In Persia, the Mongol ruler GEIKHATU
decreed paper money, but merchants
refused to accept it. They closed
their shops and hid their goods.
Trade stopped.

GEIKHATU rescinded his edict

1294-1303

Pope Boniface VIII

A bad pope

1294

Kublai Khan died.

1294

193rd Pope . St. Celestine V
Ischia Italy. He resigned
in order to become a hermit.

1294-1517

Boniface VIII to Protestant
Reformation.

Papacy at AVIGNON; the
Great Schism; reforming
councils; dissolving and
independent reform movements;
the Inquisition; the great
mystics; the Renaissance

1294

France

English ships in France are
declared infected.

C 1294 AD

Genghis Khan and his Mongol
hordes in early 13th Century

1294 - a vast empire from Pacific
to Caspian Sea was subjugated

1294 - 1303

194th Pope

Boniface VIII

Anagni, Italy. Mediated the peace between contending princes, Canonized St. Louis of France, and proclaimed the first jubilee indulgence. He defended the rights of the church with great dignity against the covetous King Philip the

Fair of France and suffered
persecution and insults from the
king's minions with apostolic
fortitude.